Amendments to the Claims

The following Listing of Claims, in which deleted text appears struck through or [[double-bracketed]] and inserted text appears <u>underlined</u>, will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Currently amended) A method for purifying an extract of *Tripterygium wilfordii* plant material containing triptolide and related compounds, wherein the extract is formed by
 - (a) extracting plant material with aqueous ethanol, and concentrating to obtain a residue; and
- (b) forming a slurry of this residue in an chlorinated organic solvent; partitioning the slurry with water for a period of about 10 mins-10 hours; and then removing the water;
 - and said purifying comprises the steps of:
- (c) further partitioning the slurry with an aqueous solution of base, removing the aqueous solution of base, and removing at least a portion of the organic solvent from the slurry;
 - (d) washing the residue product of step (c) with a lipophilic solvent; and
 - (e) eluting the residue washed product from step (d) from a silica gel adsorbent.
- 2. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step (c) comprises, said purifying comprises the steps of:
- <u>(c) partitioning the slurry with an aqueous solution of base, then removing the following the removal of the aqueous solution of base, and then removing the organic solvent[[,]] to obtain a further residue;</u>
 - (d) washing the further residue with a hydrocarbon solvent[[,]] to obtain a solid product; and
 - (e) purifying the solid product by silica gel chromatography.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein a mobile phase comprising cyclohexane and ethyl acetate is used for said silica gel chromatography.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said purifying comprises the steps of:
- (c) partitioning the slurry of the residue with an aqueous solution of base, removing the aqueous solution, and removing a portion of the organic solvent, to obtain a concentrated slurry:
- (d) adding silica gel to the concentrated slurry, in an amount effective to adsorb the triptolide and related compounds;
 - (e) washing the residue and silica gel with a hydrocarbon solvent; and
 - (f) eluting the triptolide and related compounds from the silica gel.

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said purifying comprises the steps of:
 - (c) removing the organic solvent from the slurry of the residue;
 - (d) washing the residue with a hydrocarbon solvent;
- (e) forming a further slurry of the washed residue in an organic solvent selected from chloroform, methylene chloride, dichloroethane and mixtures thereof;
- (f) partitioning the further slurry with an aqueous solution of base, then removing the aqueous solution, and then removing the organic solvent, to obtain a solid product; and
 - (g) purifying the solid product by silica gel chromatography.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the extracting of step (a) includes three extractions with refluxing ethanol, each using 4-5 mL of ethanol per g of plant material, followed by pooling of the extracts.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the chlorinated organic solvent is selected from the group consisting of chloroform, methylene chloride, dichloroethane and mixtures thereof.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the slurry formed in step (b) comprises 8-12 volumes of organic solvent relative to the residue, and the partitioning of step (b) employs 1/2 to 2 volumes of water relative to the slurry.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the base is a water soluble hydroxide, carbonate or bicarbonate having a counterion selected from lithium, sodium, potassium, cesium, ammonium, and tetraalkylammonium.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the base is selected from NaOH, KOH, NaHC0₃, KHC0₃, Na₂CO₃ and K₂CO₃.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the aqueous solution of base is selected from 0.1N-2.5N aqueous NaOH, 0.1N-2.5N aqueous KOH, 10%-15% aqueous NaHCO₃, and 12%-18% aqueous KHCO₃.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the partitioning with the aqueous solution of base is carried out for about 2 days.

- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein, following the removing of the aqueous solution of base and prior to the removing of at least a portion of the organic solvent, the organic solvent is washed with a dilute aqueous acidic solution.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon solvent is selected from linear, branched and cyclic hydrocarbons having 5-7 carbon atoms, and mixtures thereof.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the hydrocarbon solvent is cyclohexane.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the plant material comprises root material.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the related compounds comprise tripdiolide and/or 16-hydroxytriptolide.